## TREATIES BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CHINA.

were hammering at China's door, but she turned a denf ear to all of them. She desired above all things to be let aione. But her resources were too vast and varied, her prospective commerce too great, for her to remain in isolation while every other nation was open to the trade of the universe In 1604 the Dutch sent three shirs to

could have gone on during all the the significance of China's recent action tending. ong centurka of its existence as a in applying to the United States to use On Dec

ted to the sisterhood of nations could have gone on during all the the significance of China's recent action. In applying to the United States to use its efforts as an intermediary with the course with other powers until within other powers is shown in the following to years; yet such is the fact. For paragraph: 'If any other nation should a treaty between the United States and in special that the privileges enjoyed in general that the privileges enjoyed in the significance of China's recent action. On Dec. 7, 1853, President Buchanan These articles marked the first officient of the privileges and it is efforts as an intermediary with the other powers is shown in the following a treaty between the United States and in special that the privileges enjoyed in the sisternood of nations.

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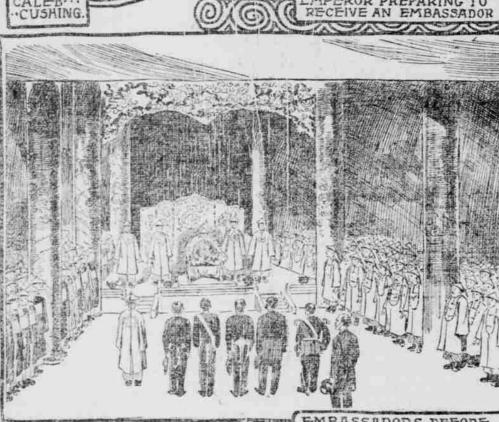
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On Dec. 7, 1853, President Buchanan These articles marked the first officient of the privilege are considered in the privilege are consider nearly 200 years commercial nations act unjustly or oppressively toward China signed at Tien-tsin by the plen- by western nations under that law





TCHIEN-LUNG. THE GREAT EMPEROR OF CHINA \_ EMBASSADORS BEFORE THE EMPEROR (TUNGCHE) should be secured to China, that nation

AM OFFICIAL CHINESE EXECUTION.

Where human life is held as cheaply as in China and where a man can be

tim. It is mere curiosity that draws the crowd together, as it might be at-

Some one has termed the decapitation of a Chinaman a game of "Heads

tional law toward other peoples. they tried to break down the barrier, but were more forcusate, being in a sense thing showing the Puscians were more forcusate, being in a sense thing showing their good offices, on being informed of the question, thus showing their friendly feelings."

This treaty, known as the Ward other peoples, Special provisions also stipulated for entire liberty of conscience and worship for Americans in China and Chinese in America, for the enjoyment by Chinese in America and Americans in China of attreaty, held in force for ten years—in fact, holds today—but supplementary articles were signed at Washington for the secured a footheid, but under such restrictions that 60 years and Great Britain; but, while the situation. That war (1859-2) result—they in sympathy with the principles. the Britishers the only way to relieve trad utilities, the limited States was en-the situation. That war (1819-2) result- thely in sympathy with the principles world, when, practically for the first the other.

The concluding article disclaims, on

undertaking to observe the correspond-

ing obligations prescribed by interna-

the part of the United States, the right of interference with the domestic ad-ministration of China in the matter of raliroads, telegraphs and internal imrovements, but agrees that the United States will furnish assistance on these coints on proper conditions when resuested by the Chinese government.

Several treaties of a complemental character have been concluded between the United States and China since then, but the existing relations between the wo countries were substantially fixed by those of 1838 and 1868-the Ward and Burlingame treaties. Sharing in the privileges granted to "the most fa-vored nation," we have come in for favors also under the Chinege-British treaties of, respectively, Nankin, 1842; Tien-tsin, 1858, and the Chefu convention of 1876, through which a large number of treaty ports were thrown open to commerce and made available

By the terms of this "Cushing treaty", America sectived as great come actions for her trade and efficient as had been granted the most furgoral variable and efficient as had been granted the most furgoral variable and efficient as had been granted the most furgoral variable and efficient as had been granted the most furgoral variable. all American citizens. Some one has termed the decapitation of a Chinaman a game of "Heads expired in 12 years, thus making necessary another treaty, that of 1885, by which were obtained even larger concentrations. Americans resident in China were confirmed in their privileges, and the principles were laid down which have been in full force up to the present time. Each recall for all these asserted that decapitation is one of the cruelest modes of execution, since the blood vessels of the brain are a long time in being emptled and life is not immediately extinguished.

the absolute pre-eminence of their em- stance, it is necessary to have a brace they might be used to combat typhoid wholly to the Chinese, either, as some fever.

hown in what has been put forth by William Starling Burgess, a junior Harvard university, who has invented an automatic machine gun that has re

proval of several experts, Bur gess is only 21 years of age "Burges boats" which revolutionized yachting and vere so succes the America' on this side His father was himself an en-

yachtsman, and at his summer home in Beverly, Mass, spent more time on salt water than on and. The son did not have the advantage of his father's training, but seems have inherited his inventive genius and, although passionately fond of yachting, has turned his attention to

term of what has been pronounced an improvement on existing models of machine guns, and he enlisted for service in the Spanish-American war before he had perfected it. His experience, owever, was of service to him, and after his discharge he turned again to his invention. It is said to be marvelously effective because so simple in onstruction and light of weight.

CANTON'S TEMPLE OF THE 500 GENIL



One of the most interesting relics of moribund Buddhism in China is the Temple of the 500 Genii, situated in the outskirts of the famous city of Canton. It is one of the show places of Canton, dividing the attention of visitors with the grewsome execution grounds and the Temple of Horrors.

As to the origin of this temple of wooden statuary, a very ancient Chiness legend relates that one day the worshipful Buddha Yi Lui Foo was passing through a thick wood, when he saw about 500 bats croughling on the trunk of a large-tree. The idea struck him that they must be there for some wise purpose, so he devoted himself to fasting and prayer for a long period, until a last he succeeded in converting them into genil, after which he gailiered them together and allotted the collection a place of worship in this temple.

This was so long ago time "the memory of man runneth not to the contrary," but there they sit today, a silent conclave of hideous wooden statues, no two of which are allike. Before each one stands an income pot for the reception of the burning joss sticks which dejuded worshipers place in front of

copilon of the burning joss sticks which deluded worshipers place in front of

PEKING'S GREAT PORCELAIN PAILOW.



The "pallow," or commemorative arch, is to be found all over China and is particularly noticeable in Peking, where there is the finest example of this strange structure made of beautiful yellow porcelain. It stands in front of the 'hall of classics," where annually the applicants for official positions undergo their examinations. It is a triple arch of quaint construction more than a city. When that functionary returned hundred feet across and surmounted by three filed towers of ornamental design, with tablets bearing inscriptions in Chinese characters in its facade,

There is a wooden pallow at the west end of Legation street, and a collection of rickety arches stands in the great highway of commerce in the Tartar and, when exposimiated with, declared city, at its intersection with another street, near which is a famous tenhouse that if he allowed it to remain those in City, at its intersection with another street, near which is a famous teahouse called the "Four Pailow Teashop." Most of the pallows are merely frameworks of wood, with carved posts, while others are of granite or marble; but all were intended to perpetuate the memory of departed Chinamen and generally hear grandiloquent epitaphs setting forth their superlative talents and transcendent virtues.

THE DEPOSED GOVERNOR OF PE-KING.

The personality of the governor of Peking, whose authority was usurped by the antiforeign Prince Tunn, was not so obtrusive as that of the Boxer trouble. He was a kindly old man, po-

lite and cour teous, but pro crastinating to a most exasper had to promisgreat more than he he explained, is "keep face" with those him. It is noto rious that the streets of Pe king are the

worst and filthest of perhaps any city in the world. A prosperous Chinaman, a friend of the governor, tried for many months to get the old man to pave the street that ran past his place of business. The governpromised and promised, but never

had the work done. At last, in despera-tion, the man had it done himself during the governor's absence from the and was informed of the improvement, he promptly disputched a sung of coo office over him would take it as an in dication that he possessed some hidden source of wast wealth and would "squeeze" him until he was bled to the

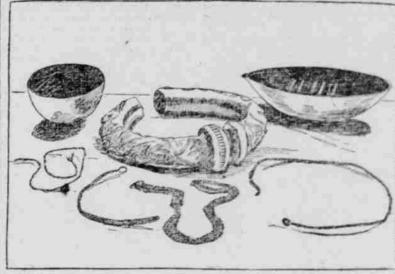


The British-French allied army by its that it may soon be introduced into this The British-French allied army by its march on Peking in 1880 forced a recognition of equality as between China and other powers never before allowed and other powers never before allowed and other powers never before allowed and for the practice of hunting opened the way for the residence of forcign ministers at the capital. But it was not until 1873, June 29, that they were received by the emperor in person. Events since then have shown that, but the foreigners' dictum, perforce, it was while the Mantcheo court assented to with a mental reservation in favor of the absolute pre-eminence of their emissions and the gooden to this beat was doubtless intended to represent the ancient "coracie," still in use on the Irish coast, in which, a thousand years ago, three Irish missionaries are said to have sailed from Ireland to Cornwall, notwithstanding it was only a frame of basket work covered with skins.

ORGANISMS IN THE SOIL.

Experiments recently made in England have shown that the soil contains normally specific organisms which are destructive to the typhoid bacillas. If they might be used to combat typhoid will be the Chinese, either, as same

## REMARKABLE CELTIC RELICS.



In the year 1896 a plowman on the northwest coast of Ireland turned up some remarkable gold relies as he was working in a field near the shore. These objects, which were all of gold, consisted of a boat in miniature, with rowing benches and a piace for a man, a bowl, two chains of fine workman-

ship, two twisted neck rings and a bollow collar in reponses work, the whole find forming the most magnificent of its kind over discovered. The workmanship of these articles seems to be Phoenician, and the golden boat was doubtless intended to represent the ancient "coracle," still in use

that the weares

ment and disimplied by the possession of falone like

care is taken of them lest they get broken. A manicure, of course, has charge of these extraordinary frenks of per-

## SOME CHINESE ANTI-CHRISTIAN CARTOONS THAT CAUSED THE BOXER OUTBREAK.



China, but were not allowed to trade.

Twice during the succeeding century they tried to break down the barrier.

ed in the first treaty with Great Brit-aln, by which she acquired Hongkong

and opened up Amoy, Canten, Fu-chan, Ninzpo and Shanghai as treaty

The then existing administration.

ceive the immense advantages to be derived from commercial intercourse with China, and Mr. Caleb Cushing,

pent out as commissioner, negotiated

tween China and the United States. In

his annual message to congress, De-cember, 1844, President Tyler says: "I

have great pleasure in submitting to the senate for its ratification and ap-

proval a treaty which has been concluded between Mr. Cushing, the Unit-

ed States commissioner, and the Chinese empire. This treaty was promptly ratified by the Chinese emperer and by the senate and is the foundation of

that comity which has existed between

in this instance was Great Britain, but it

This curtoon represents The Pig-Goat "Hunan Exterminating the Monsters" 





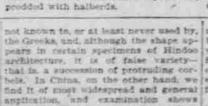


This shows "The Tigers Destroying

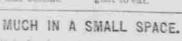












granted the most favored nation, which tracted by a circus or theatrical performance.

A French engineer is trying to apply founds' clubbouse. Its fame spread not story as a lubricator.

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Had a dozen London clubs of importance have complained bitterity that their bar receipts are fulling of discouragingly since their members came and women of the presence of according to statistical their bar receipts are fulling of assembler what is now the popular London clubs of according to statistical their bar receipts are fulling of assembler with their bar receipts are fulling of assembler what is now the popular London clubs of according to statistical their bar receipts are fulling of assembler what is now the popular London clubs of according to statistical to according to the time required for a found of a second.

Field rats are esteemed a delicacy in containing the said to be failing off. Cuba.

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Field rats are esteemed a delicacy in containing the said to be failing off. The according to statistical to according to the control were taken, and their duration of the present said to be failing off. The according to the control were taken, and their duration of the present said to the failing off. The according to the part of the fine delication to design in the shape and other parts are decreasing. The according to the said to the failing off. The workers, according to statistical while one in the present of making the control of the present of the present of the grackwar of the fine delication, the case of the making the control of the said to the said to the failing off. The workers according to the control of the period of the period of the period of the period of the control of the said to the failing off. The workers according to statistical while one in the period of the period o

the earth by a man walking day and gui, across the sea from Madras, the not known to, or at least never used by, ural obstacles were skillfully overcome cavalry in the army of the flur-day